

## 2SK1573-VB Datasheet

N-Channel 600 V (D-S) Super Junction Power MOSFET

PRODUCT SUMMARY						
V <sub>DS</sub> (V)	600					
R <sub>DS(on)</sub> at 25 °C (Ω)	$V_{GS} = 10 V$	0.23				
Q <sub>g</sub> Typ. (nC)	24					
Q <sub>gs</sub> (nC)	6					
Q <sub>gd</sub> (nC)	11					
Configuration	Single					

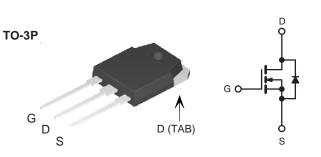
## **FEATURES**

- Low figure-of-merit (FOM) Ron x Qa
- Low input capacitance (Ciss)
- Reduced switching and conduction losses
- Ultra low gate charge (Q<sub>a</sub>)
- Avalanche energy rated (UIS)



#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Server and telecom power supplies
- Switch mode power supplies (SMPS)
- Power factor correction power supplies (PFC)
- Lighting
  - High-intensity discharge (HID)
  - Fluorescent ballast lighting
- Industrial
  - Welding
  - Induction heating
  - Motor drives
  - Battery chargers
  - Renewable energy
  - Solar (PV inverters)



N-Channel MOSFET

<b>ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS</b> ( $T_C = 25 \degree C$ , unless otherwise noted)								
PARAMETER			SYMBOL	LIMIT	UNIT			
Drain-Source Voltage			V <sub>DS</sub>	600	- V			
Gate-Source Voltage			V <sub>GS</sub>	± 30	v			
Continuous Drain Current (T <sub>J</sub> = 150 °C)	V <sub>GS</sub> at 10 V	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C T <sub>C</sub> = 100 °C	- I <sub>D</sub>	15				
		T <sub>C</sub> = 100 °C		10	А			
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>a</sup>			I <sub>DM</sub>	45				
Linear Derating Factor				1.4	W/°C			
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy <sup>b</sup>			E <sub>AS</sub>	286	mJ			
Maximum Power Dissipation			PD	180	W			
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range			T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +150	°C			
Drain-Source Voltage Slope	T <sub>J</sub> = 125 °C		dV/dt	37	V/ns			
Reverse Diode dV/dt <sup>d</sup>			av/at	23	v/ns			
Soldering Recommendations (Peak Temperature) <sup>c</sup>	for 10 s			300	°C			

#### Notes

a. Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature. b.  $V_{DD} = 50$  V, starting T<sub>J</sub> = 25 °C, L = 28.2 mH, R<sub>g</sub> = 25  $\Omega$ , I<sub>AS</sub> = 4.5 A.

c. 1.6 mm from case.

d.  $I_{SD} \leq I_D$ , dl/dt = 100 A/µs, starting  $T_J$  = 25 °C.



THERMAL RESISTANCE RATI	NGS							
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TYP.		MAX.		UNIT		
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient	R <sub>thJA</sub>	- 62						
Maximum Junction-to-Case (Drain)	R <sub>thJC</sub>	- 0.7				°C/W		
<b>SPECIFICATIONS</b> ( $T_J = 25 \ ^{\circ}C$ , u		1			1	1	1	1
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TES	T CONDIT	IONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Static								
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> =	= 0 V, I <sub>D</sub> =	250 µA	600	-	-	
V <sub>DS</sub> Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{DS}/T_{J}$	Reference	e to 25 °C,	I <sub>D</sub> = 1 mA	-	0.75	-	V/°C
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage (N)	V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> =	= V <sub>GS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> =	250 µA	2	-	4	V
	1	$V_{GS} = \pm 20 V$		-	-	± 100	nA	
Gate-Source Leakage	I <sub>GSS</sub>		V <sub>GS</sub> = ± 30	V	-	-	± 1	μA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current		$V_{DS} = 600 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$		-	-	1		
	I <sub>DSS</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 520 V	′, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 ′	V, T <sub>J</sub> = 125 °C	-	-	10	μA
Drain-Source On-State Resistance	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V		I <sub>D</sub> = 8 A	-	0.23	-	Ω
Forward Transconductance	<b>g</b> fs	V <sub>DS</sub>	= 30 V, I <sub>D</sub>	= 8 A	-	5.6	-	S
Dynamic		1			1	1	1	1
Input Capacitance	C <sub>iss</sub>		V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 \	1	-	1640	-	
Output Capacitance	C <sub>oss</sub>	-	$v_{GS} = 0 v,$ $v_{DS} = 100 V,$		-	80	-	1
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C <sub>rss</sub>	f = 1 MHz		-	4	-	pF	
Effective Output Capacitance, Energy Related <sup>a</sup>	C <sub>o(er)</sub>	$V_{DS}$ = 0 V to 520 V, $V_{GS}$ = 0 V		-	63	-		
Effective Output Capacitance, Time Related <sup>b</sup>	C <sub>o(tr)</sub>			-	213	-		
Total Gate Charge	Qg				-	24	48	nC
Gate-Source Charge	Q <sub>gs</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V I <sub>D</sub> = 8 A		A, V <sub>DS</sub> = 520 V	-	6	-	
Gate-Drain Charge	Q <sub>gd</sub>				-	11	-	
Turn-On Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>				-	18	36	
Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 520V, I <sub>D</sub> = 8 A,		-	24	48	ns	
Turn-Off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>		$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_g = 9.1 \Omega$		-	48	96	115
Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>			-	25	50		
Gate Input Resistance	R <sub>g</sub>	f = 1 MHz, open drain		-	0.8	-	Ω	
Drain-Source Body Diode Characteristic	cs	1						1
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	I <sub>S</sub>	MOSFET syml showing the	MOSFET symbol showing the		-	-	15	
Pulsed Diode Forward Current	I <sub>SM</sub>	integral reverse p - n junction diode		-	-	38	A	
Diode Forward Voltage	V <sub>SD</sub>	T <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C, I <sub>S</sub> = 8 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V		-	-	1.2	V	
Reverse Recovery Time	t <sub>rr</sub>	$T_J = 25 \text{ °C}, I_F = I_S = 8 \text{ A},$ dl/dt = 100 A/µs, V <sub>R</sub> = 400 V		-	325	-	ns	
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q <sub>rr</sub>			_	4.6	_	μC	
Reverse Recovery Current				-	20	_	A	
neverse necovery ourient	I <sub>RRM</sub>			-	20	-	А	

#### Notes

a.  $C_{oss(er)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same energy as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 % to 80 %  $V_{DSS}$ . b.  $C_{oss(tr)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 % to 80 %  $V_{DSS}$ .



## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)

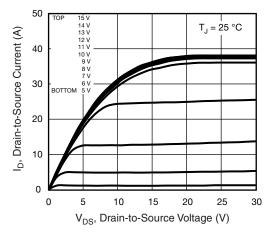


Fig. 1 - Typical Output Characteristics

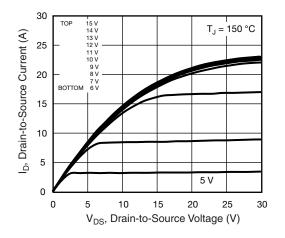


Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics

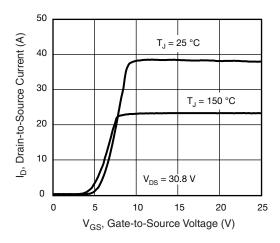


Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics

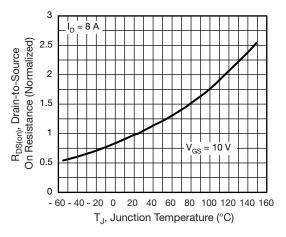


Fig. 4 - Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature

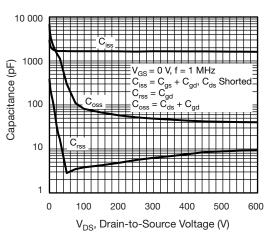


Fig. 5 - Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

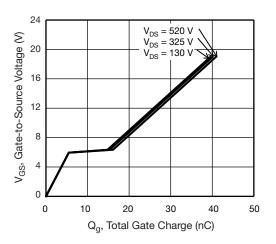


Fig. 6 - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

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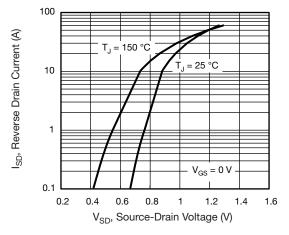
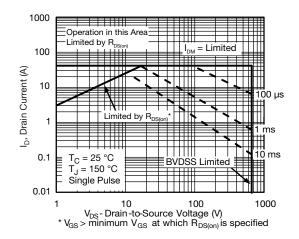


Fig. 7 - Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage





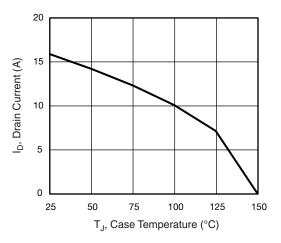


Fig. 9 - Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

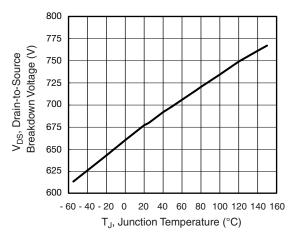


Fig. 10 - Temperature vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

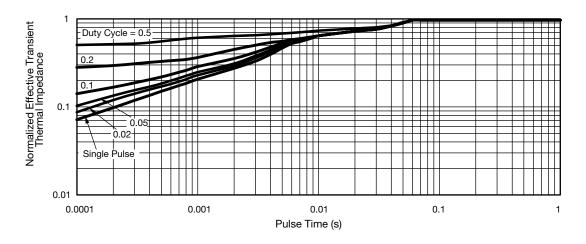


Fig. 11 - Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Case



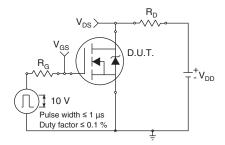


Fig. 12 - Switching Time Test Circuit

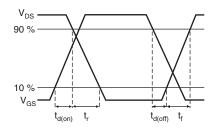


Fig. 13 - Switching Time Waveforms

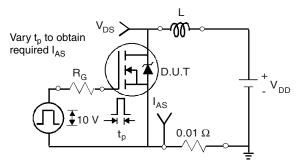


Fig. 14 - Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

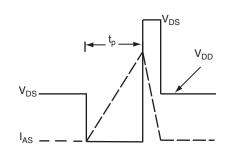


Fig. 15 - Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

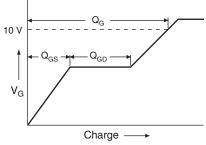


Fig. 16 - Basic Gate Charge Waveform

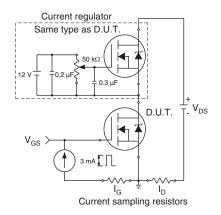
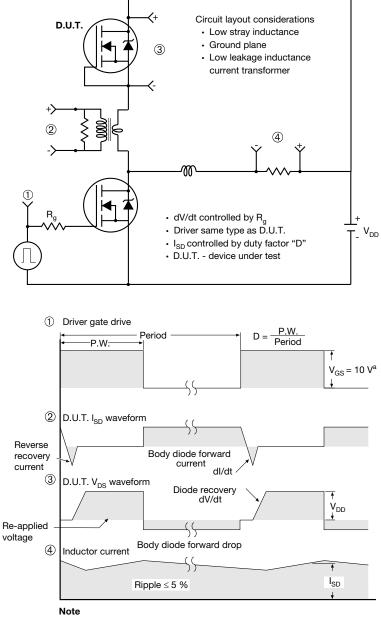


Fig. 17 - Gate Charge Test Circuit



### Peak Diode Recovery dV/dt Test Circuit

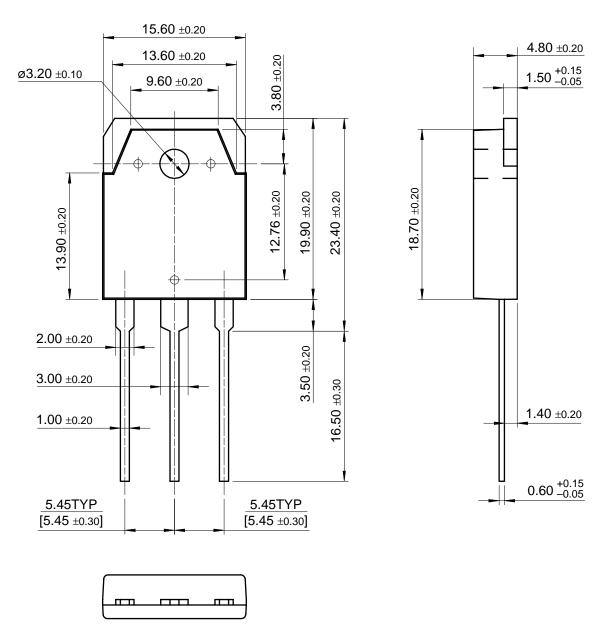


a.  $V_{GS} = 5$  V for logic level devices

Fig. 18 - For N-Channel



TO-3P





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