

## AOK20S60L-VB Datasheet

## N-Channel 650 V (D-S) Super Junction MOSFET

## PRODUCT SUMMARY

$V_{DS}$ (V) at $T_J$ max.	650	
$R_{DS(on)}$ ( $\Omega$ ) at 25 °C	$V_{GS} = 10$ V	0.19
$Q_g$ max. (nC)	106	
$Q_{gs}$ (nC)	14	
$Q_{gd}$ (nC)	33	
Configuration	Single	

## FEATURES

- Reduced  $t_{rr}$ ,  $Q_{rr}$ , and  $I_{RRM}$
- Low figure-of-merit (FOM)  $R_{on} \times Q_g$
- Low input capacitance ( $C_{iss}$ )
- Low switching losses due to reduced  $Q_{rr}$
- Ultra low gate charge ( $Q_g$ )
- Avalanche energy rated (UIS)

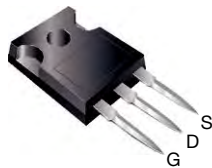


**RoHS**  
COMPLIANT  
HALOGEN  
**FREE**

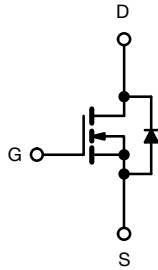
## APPLICATIONS

- Telecommunications
  - Server and telecom power supplies
- Lighting
  - High-intensity discharge (HID)
  - Fluorescent ballast lighting
- Consumer and computing
  - ATX power supplies
- Industrial
  - Welding
  - Battery chargers
- Renewable energy
  - Solar (PV inverters)
- Switch mode power supplies (SMPS)

TO-247AC



Top View



N-Channel MOSFET

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_C = 25$  °C, unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER			SYMBOL	LIMIT	UNIT
Drain-Source Voltage			V <sub>DS</sub>	650	V
Gate-Source Voltage			V <sub>GS</sub>	± 30	
Continuous Drain Current (T <sub>J</sub> = 150 °C)	V <sub>GS</sub> at 10 V	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C	I <sub>D</sub>	20	A
		T <sub>C</sub> = 100 °C		13	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>a</sup>			I <sub>DM</sub>	53	
Linear Derating Factor				1.7	W/°C
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy <sup>b</sup>			E <sub>AS</sub>	367	mJ
Maximum Power Dissipation			P <sub>D</sub>	208	W
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range			T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +150	°C
Drain-Source Voltage Slope	T <sub>J</sub> = 125 °C		dV/dt	37	V/ns
Reverse Diode dV/dt <sup>d</sup>		31			
Soldering Recommendations (Peak Temperature) <sup>c</sup>	for 10 s			300	°C


## Notes

- a. Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.  
 b.  $V_{DD} = 50$  V, starting  $T_J = 25$  °C,  $L = 28.2$  mH,  $R_g = 25$   $\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS} = 5.1$  A.  
 c. 1.6 mm from case.  
 d.  $I_{SD} \leq I_D$ ,  $dI/dt = 100$  A/ $\mu$ s, starting  $T_J = 25$  °C.

**THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS**

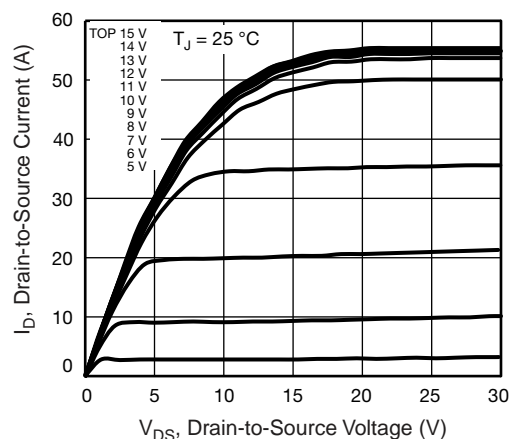
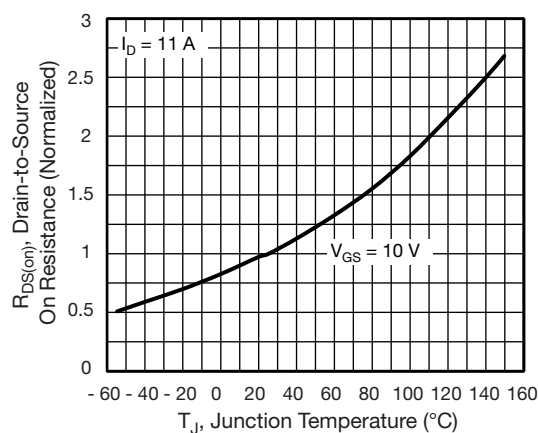
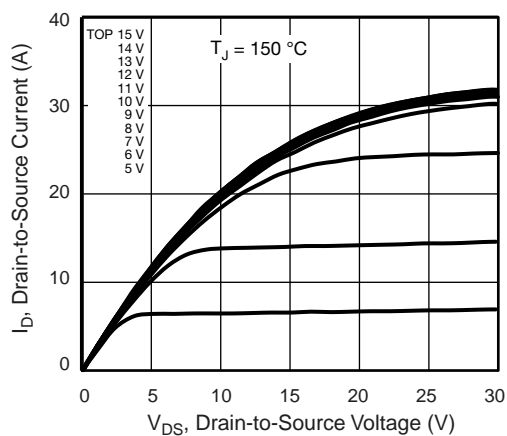
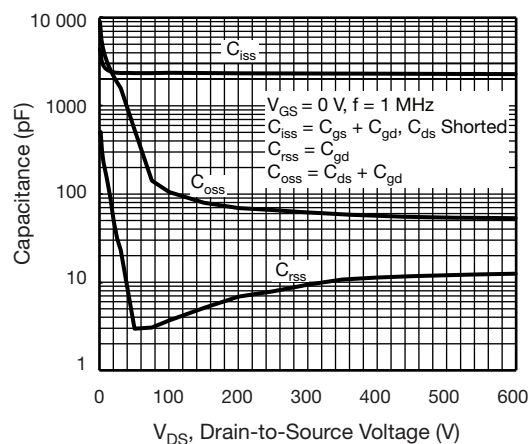
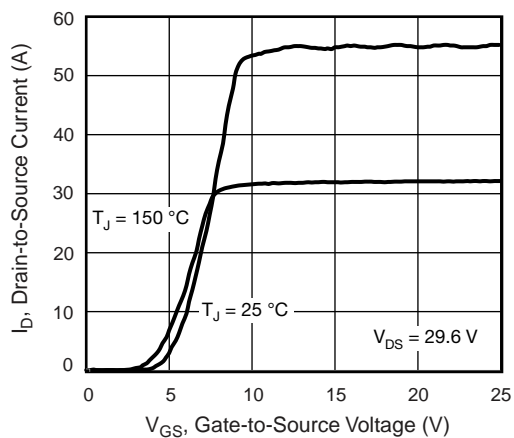
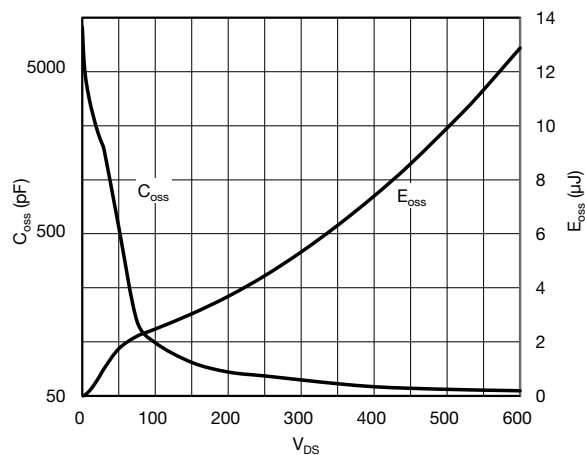
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{thJA}$	-	62	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case (Drain)	$R_{thJC}$	-	0.5	

**SPECIFICATIONS** ( $T_J = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Static							
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{DS}$	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$ , $I_D = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$		650	-	-	V
$V_{DS}$ Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{DS}/T_J$	Reference to $25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $I_D = 1\text{ mA}$		-	0.67	-	$V/^{\circ}\text{C}$
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage (N)	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_D = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$		2	-	4	V
Gate-Source Leakage	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = \pm 20\text{ V}$		-	-	$\pm 100$	nA
		$V_{GS} = \pm 30\text{ V}$		-	-	$\pm 1$	$\mu\text{A}$
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 520\text{ V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$		-	-	1	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{DS} = 520\text{ V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$ , $T_J = 125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		-	-	500	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$	$I_D = 11\text{ A}$	-	0.19	-	$\Omega$
Forward Transconductance	$g_{fs}$	$V_{DS} = 30\text{ V}$ , $I_D = 11\text{ A}$		-	7.0	-	S
Dynamic							
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$ , $V_{DS} = 100\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$		-	2322	-	pF
Output Capacitance	$C_{oss}$			-	105	-	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$			-	4	-	
Effective Output Capacitance, Energy Related <sup>a</sup>	$C_{o(er)}$	$V_{DS} = 0\text{ V to } 520\text{ V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$		-	84	-	
Effective Output Capacitance, Time Related <sup>b</sup>	$C_{o(tr)}$			-	293	-	
Total Gate Charge	$Q_g$	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$	$I_D = 11\text{ A}$ , $V_{DS} = 520\text{ V}$	-	71	106	nC
Gate-Source Charge	$Q_{gs}$			-	14	-	
Gate-Drain Charge	$Q_{gd}$			-	33	-	
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD} = 520\text{ V}$ , $I_D = 11\text{ A}$ , $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$ , $R_g = 9.1\text{ }\Omega$		-	22	44	ns
Rise Time	$t_r$			-	34	68	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$			-	68	102	
Fall Time	$t_f$			-	42	84	
Gate Input Resistance	$R_g$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$ , open drain		-	0.78	-	$\Omega$
Drain-Source Body Diode Characteristics							
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	$I_S$	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p - n junction diode 		-	-	21	A
Pulsed Diode Forward Current	$I_{SM}$			-	-	53	
Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{SD}$	$T_J = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $I_S = 11\text{ A}$ , $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$		-	0.9	1.2	V
Reverse Recovery Time	$t_{rr}$	$T_J = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $I_F = I_S = 11\text{ A}$ , $dI/dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ , $V_R = 25\text{ V}$		-	160	-	ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	$Q_{rr}$			-	1.2	-	$\mu\text{C}$
Reverse Recovery Current	$I_{RRM}$			-	14	-	A

**Notes**

- a.  $C_{oss(er)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same energy as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 % to 80 %  $V_{DSS}$ .  
 b.  $C_{oss(tr)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 % to 80 %  $V_{DSS}$ .

**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)

**Fig. 1 - Typical Output Characteristics**

**Fig. 4 - Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature**

**Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics**

**Fig. 5 - Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage**

**Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics**

**Fig. 6 -  $C_{oss}$  and  $E_{oss}$  vs.  $V_{DS}$**

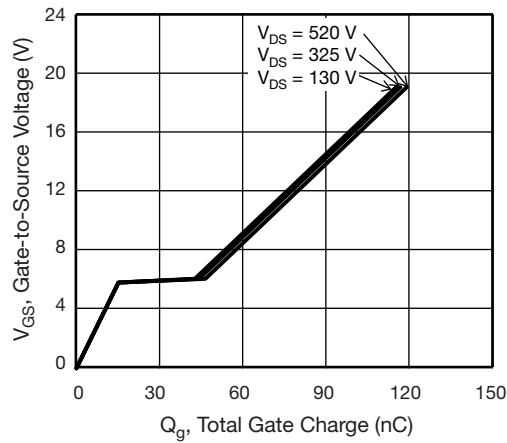


Fig. 7 - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

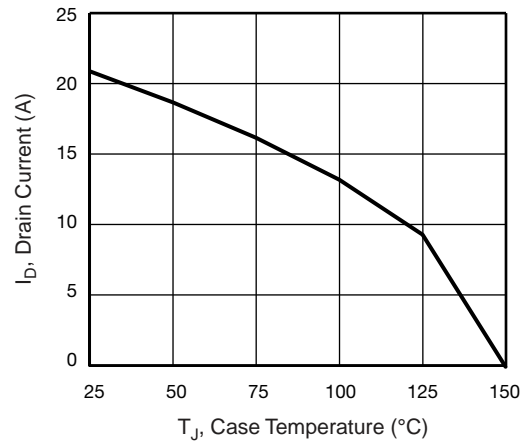


Fig. 10 - Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

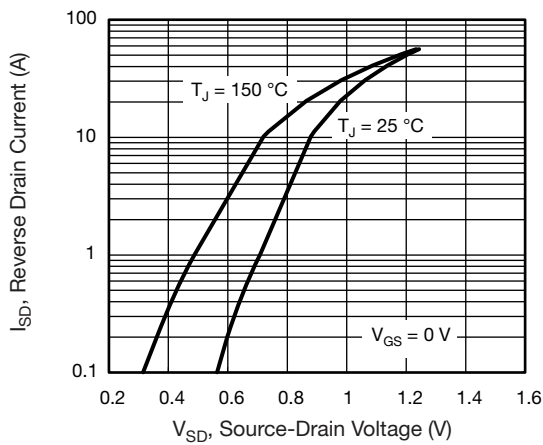


Fig. 8 - Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

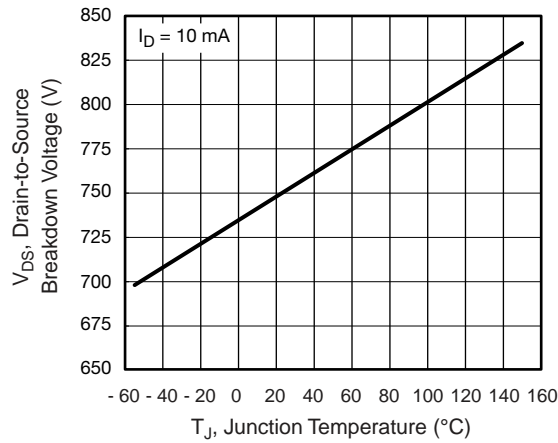


Fig. 11 - Temperature vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

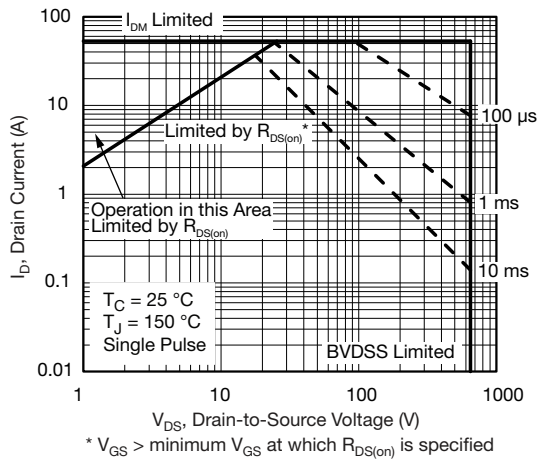


Fig. 9 - Maximum Safe Operating Area

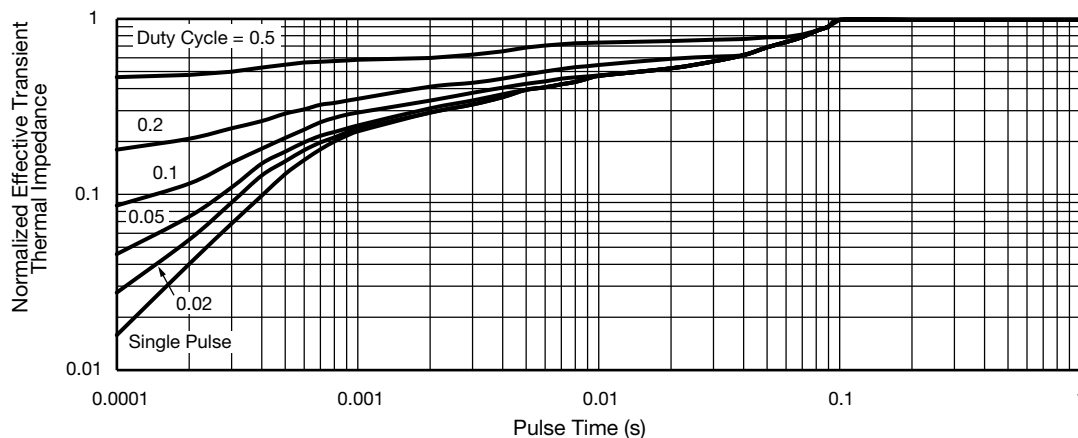


Fig. 12 - Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Case

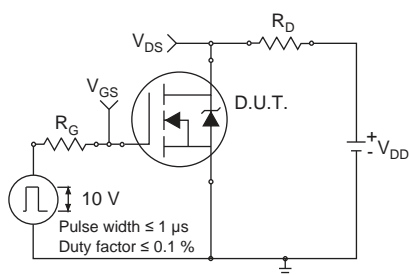


Fig. 13 - Switching Time Test Circuit

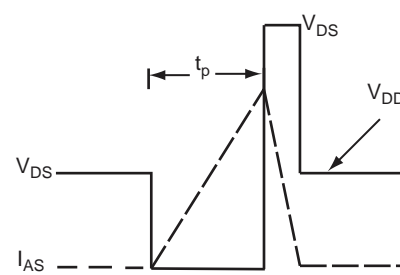


Fig. 16 - Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

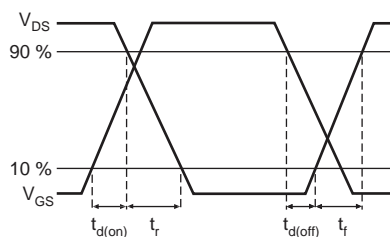


Fig. 14 - Switching Time Waveforms

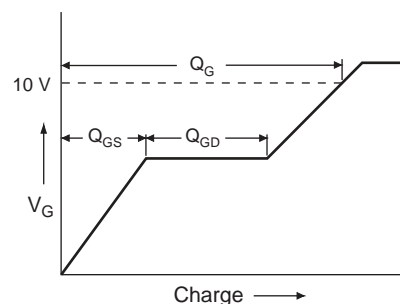


Fig. 17 - Basic Gate Charge Waveform

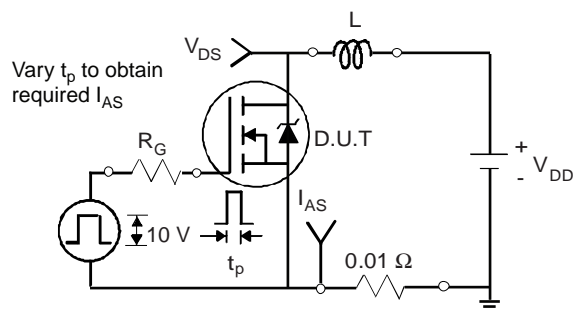


Fig. 15 - Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

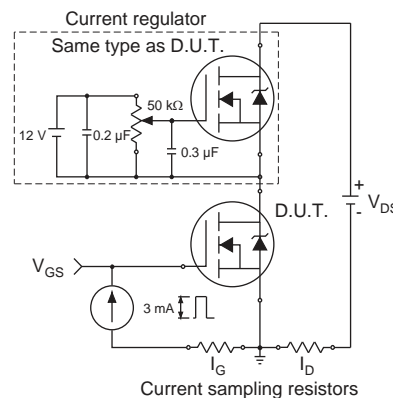
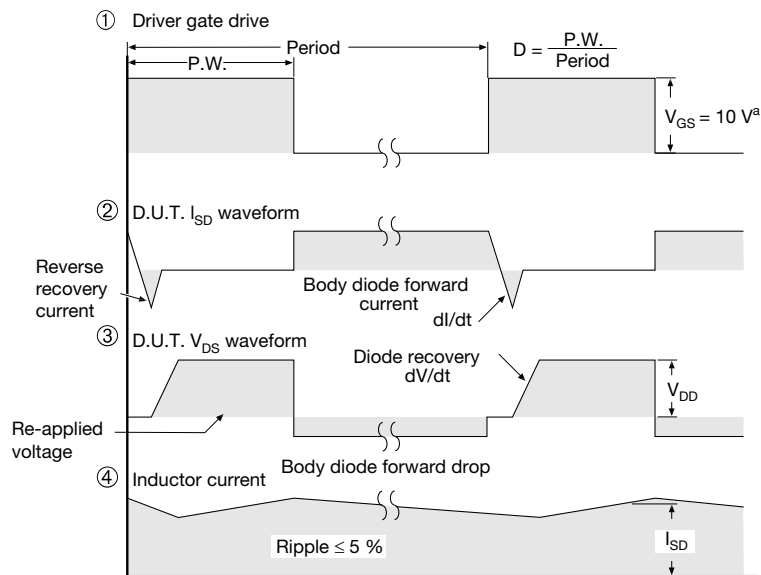
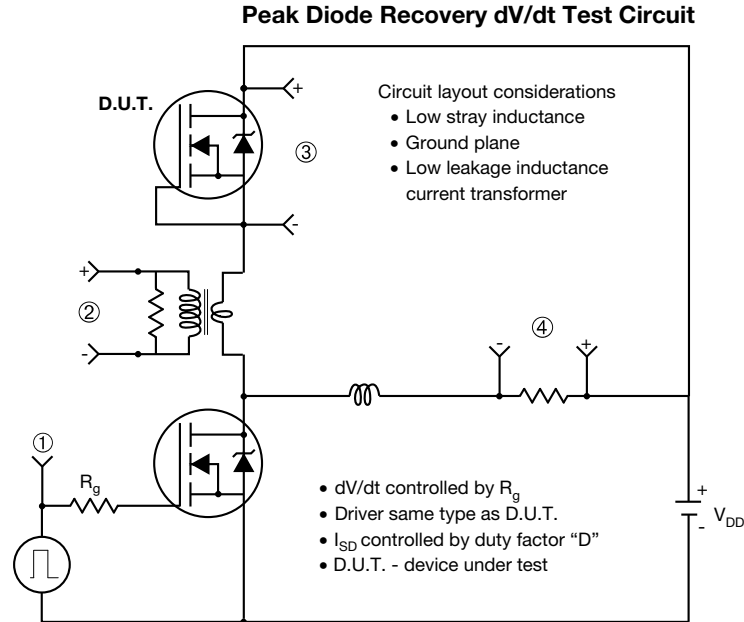


Fig. 18 - Gate Charge Test Circuit

**Note**

a.  $V_{GS} = 5 V$  for logic level devices

**Fig. 19 - For N-Channel**

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