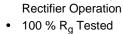


## TPCP8A05-H-VB Datasheet N-Channel 30-V (D-S) MOSFET

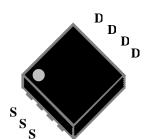
PRODUCT SUMMARY					
V <sub>DS</sub> (V)	$R_{DS(on)}$ ( $\Omega$ )	I <sub>D</sub> (A) <sup>a</sup>	Q <sub>g</sub> (Typ.)		
30	0.008 at V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V	13	6.1 nC		
	0.011 at V <sub>GS</sub> = 4.5 V	11	0.1110		

# FEATURES • Halogen-free • Trench Power MOSFET RoH



Optimized for High-Side Synchronous

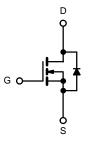
100 % UIS Tested



DFN 3x3

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Notebook CPU Core
  - High-Side Switch



N-Channel MOSFET

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit		
Drain-Source Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub>	30	V		
Gate-Source Voltage	V <sub>GS</sub>	± 20	¬		
	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C		13		
Continuous Drain Current (T <sub>.1</sub> = 150 °C)	$T_C = 70  ^{\circ}C$	I <sub>D</sub>	10		
Continuous Brain Current (1) = 130 C)	$T_A = 25 ^{\circ}C$	טי	9 <sup>b, c</sup>		
	T <sub>A</sub> = 70 °C		7 <sup>b, c</sup>	A	
Pulsed Drain Current		I <sub>DM</sub>	45	7 ^	
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C	I <sub>S</sub>	3.7		
Continuous Source-Diam Diode Current	$T_A = 25 ^{\circ}C$	'S	2.0 <sup>b, c</sup>		
Single Pulse Avalanche Current	L = 0.1 mH	I <sub>AS</sub>	20		
Avalanche Energy	L = 0.1 IIII	E <sub>AS</sub>	21	mJ	
	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C		4.1		
Maximum Dawar Dissination	T <sub>C</sub> = 70 °C	P <sub>D</sub>	2.5	W	
Maximum Power Dissipation	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	' b	2.2 <sup>b, c</sup>	vv	
	T <sub>A</sub> = 70 °C		1.3 <sup>b, c</sup>		
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Ra	T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	- 55 to 150	°C		

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS						
Parameter		Symbol	Typical	Maximum	Unit	
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>b, d</sup>	t ≤ 10 s	R <sub>thJA</sub>	39	55	°C/W	
Maximum Junction-to-Foot (Drain)	Steady State	R <sub>thJF</sub>	25	29	]	

#### Notes:

- a. Base on  $T_C = 25$  °C.
- b. Surface Mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 board.
- c. t = 10 s.
- d. Maximum under Steady State conditions is 85 °C/W.



Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Static		,				
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{DS}$	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V, I}_{D} = 250 \mu\text{A}$	30			V
V <sub>DS</sub> Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{DS}/T_{J}$	I <sub>D</sub> = 250 μA		26		mV/°C
V <sub>GS(th)</sub> Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{GS(th)}/T_{J}$	I <sub>D</sub> = 250 μA		- 6		
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_{D} = 250 \mu\text{A}$	0.8		2.5	V
Gate-Source Leakage	I <sub>GSS</sub>	$V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$			± 100	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I <sub>DSS</sub>	$V_{DS} = 30 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$			1	
		$V_{DS} = 30 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, T_{J} = 55 \text{ °C}$			10	μΑ
On-State Drain Current <sup>a</sup>	I <sub>D(on)</sub>	$V_{DS} \ge 5 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$	20			Α
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>a</sup>	_	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A	0.008			_
	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = 4.5 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 9 A		0.011		Ω
Forward Transconductance <sup>a</sup>	9 <sub>fs</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 15 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A		50		S
Dynamic <sup>b</sup>					1	
Input Capacitance	C <sub>iss</sub>			800		pF
Output Capacitance	C <sub>oss</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 15 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, f = 1 MHz		165		
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C <sub>rss</sub>			73		
Total Gate Charge	Qg	V <sub>DS</sub> = 15 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A		15	23	nC
				6.8	10.2	
Gate-Source Charge	Q <sub>gs</sub>	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 5 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 10 \text{ A}$		2.5		
Gate-Drain Charge	$Q_{gd}$			2.3		
Gate Resistance	$R_g$	f = 1 MHz	0.36	1.8	3.6	Ω
Turn-On Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>			16	23	ns
Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>	$V_{DD} = 15 \text{ V}, R_{L} = 1.4 \Omega$		12	16	
Turn-Off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	$I_D \cong 9 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 4.5 \text{ V}, R_g = 1 \Omega$		16	22	
Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>			10	18	
Turn-On Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>			8	16	
Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>	$V_{DD}$ = 15 V, $R_L$ = 1.4 $\Omega$		10	20	
Turn-Off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	$I_D \cong 9 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 10 \text{ V}, R_g = 1 \Omega$		16	22	
Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>			8	15	
<b>Drain-Source Body Diode Characterist</b>	ics					
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	I <sub>S</sub>	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C			10	A
Pulse Diode Forward Current <sup>a</sup>	I <sub>SM</sub>				50	
Body Diode Voltage	$V_{SD}$	I <sub>S</sub> = 9 A		0.8	1.2	V
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	t <sub>rr</sub>			15	30	ns
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	Q <sub>rr</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 9 A, dI/dt = 100 A/μs, T <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C		6	12	nC
Reverse Recovery Fall Time	t <sub>a</sub>	i <sub>F</sub> = θ A, αί/αι = 100 Α/μs, 1 <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C		8		20
Reverse Recovery Rise Time	t <sub>b</sub>	t <sub>b</sub>		7		ns

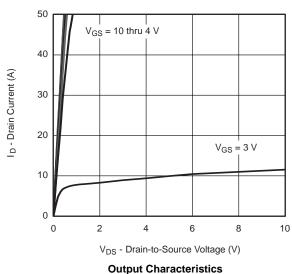
#### Notes:

- a. Pulse test; pulse width  $\leq 300~\mu s,$  duty cycle  $\leq 2~\%.$
- b. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.

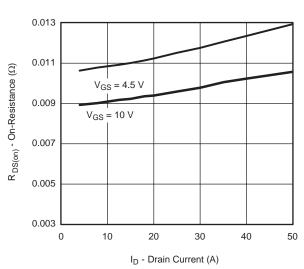
Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.



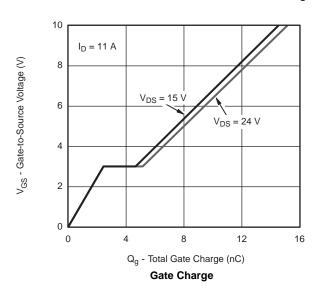
#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted





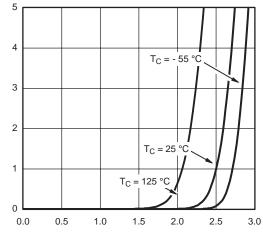


#### On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

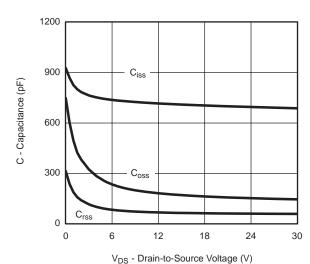


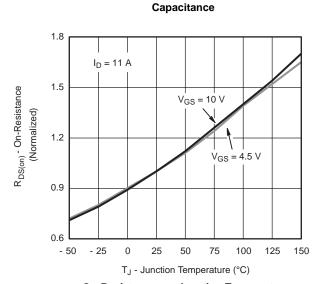
3 2 1

I<sub>D</sub> - Drain Current (A)



 $V_{\text{GS}}$  - Gate-to-Source Voltage (V) **Transfer Characteristics** 





On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

2.2

1.2

1.0

- 50

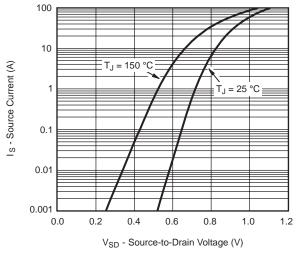
- 25

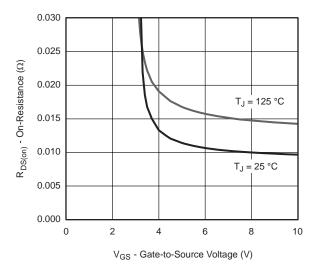
0

25

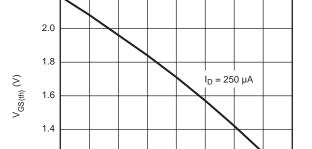


## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted

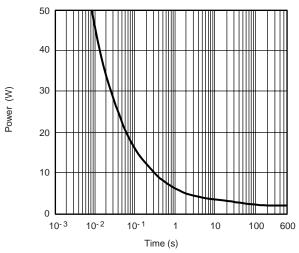




#### Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



# T<sub>J</sub> - Temperature (°C) Threshold Voltage

50

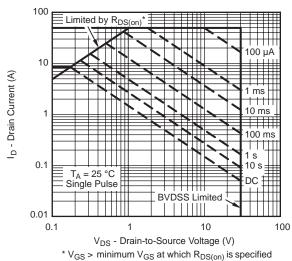
75

100

125

150



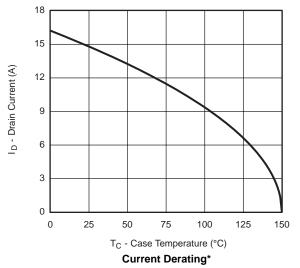


Safe Operating Area, Junction-to-Ambient

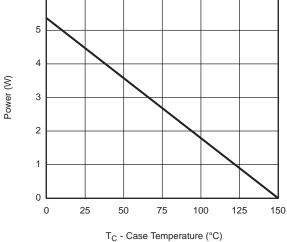
6



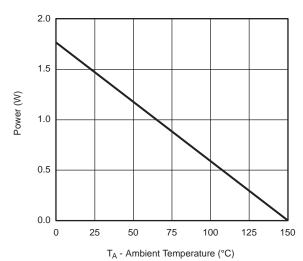
## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted







Power Derating, Junction-to-Foot

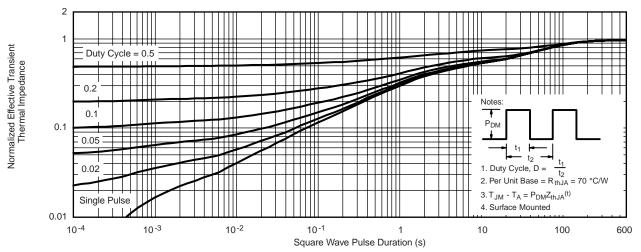


Power Derating, Junction-to-Ambient

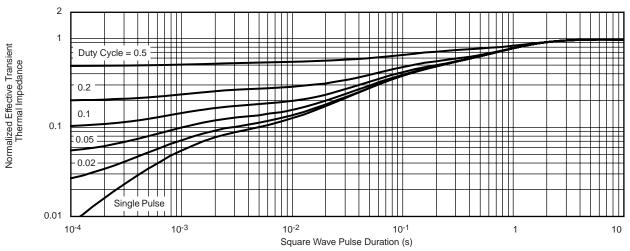
<sup>\*</sup> The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(max)}$  = 150 °C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in settling the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used. It is used to determine the current rating, when this rating falls below the package limit.



## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Foot



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