

# SM3322NHQA-VB Datasheet N-Channel 30 V (D-S) MOSFET

PRODUCT SUMMARY					
V <sub>DS</sub> (V)	$R_{DS(on)}$ ( $\Omega$ ) Typ.	I <sub>D</sub> (A)	Q <sub>g</sub> (Typ.)		
30	$0.004$ at $V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	60	33.5 nC		
30	0.005 at V <sub>GS</sub> = 2.5 V	50	33.3110		

#### **FEATURES**

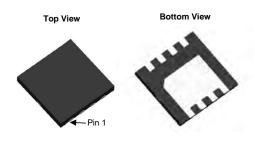
Halogen-free According to IEC 61249-2-21 Definition



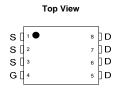
- Trench Power MOSFET
- 100 %  $\rm R_{\rm g}$  and UIS Tested Compliant to RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC

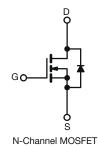
#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Motor Control
- Industrial
- Load Switch
- ORing



DFN 3x3 EP





ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted) Parameter Symbol Limit Unit Drain-Source Voltage  $V_{DS}$ 30 ٧ Gate-Source Voltage  $V_{GS}$ ± 20 T<sub>C</sub> = 25 °C 60<sup>a, e</sup> 40<sup>a, e</sup> T<sub>C</sub> = 70 °C Continuous Drain Current (T<sub>J</sub> = 150 °C)  $I_D$ T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C 22<sup>b, c</sup> 15<sup>b, c</sup>  $T_{\Delta} = 70 \, ^{\circ}C$ Pulsed Drain Current (t = 300 μs)  $I_{DM}$ 150 T<sub>C</sub> = 25 °C 35 Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current  $I_S$ 3.3<sup>b, c</sup> T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C Single Pulse Avalanche Current  $I_{AS}$ 20 L = 0.1 mHSingle Pulse Avalanche Energy EAS mJ 20 T<sub>C</sub> = 25 °C 52 T<sub>C</sub> = 70 °C 33  $P_D$ W Maximum Power Dissipation T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C 3.7<sup>b, c</sup> T<sub>A</sub> = 70 °C 2.4<sup>b, c</sup>  $T_J$ ,  $T_{stg}$ Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range - 55 to 150 °C Soldering Recommendations (Peak Temperature) 260

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS						
Parameter		Symbol	Typical	Maximum	Unit	
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>b, d</sup>	t ≤ 10 s	R <sub>thJA</sub>	24	33	°C/W	
Maximum Junction-to-Case (Drain)	Steady State	$R_{thJC}$	1.9	2.4		

#### Notes:

- a. Based on  $T_C = 25$  °C.
- b. Surface mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 board.
- d. Maximum under steady state conditions is 90 °C/W.
- e. Calculated based on maximum junction temperature. Package limitation current is 80 A.



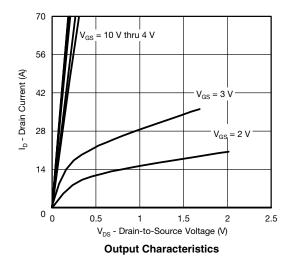
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Static							
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub>	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$	30			V	
V <sub>DS</sub> Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{DS}/T_{J}$	J 050A		30		mV/°C	
V <sub>GS(th)</sub> Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{GS(th)}/T_J$	I <sub>D</sub> = 250 μA		- 5.6			
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_D = 250 \mu A$	0.5		1.5	٧	
Gate-Source Leakage	I <sub>GSS</sub>	$V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$			± 100	nA	
		$V_{DS} = 30 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$			1	μΑ	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I <sub>DSS</sub> -	$V_{DS}$ = 30 V, $V_{GS}$ = 0 V, $T_J$ = 55 °C			10		
On-State Drain Current <sup>a</sup>	I <sub>D(on)</sub>	$V_{DS} \ge 5 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$	30			Α	
D : 0	` /	$V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_D = 10 \text{ A}$		0.0040		Ω	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>a</sup>	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	$V_{GS} = 2.5 \text{ V}, I_D = 7 \text{ A}$		0.0050			
Forward Transconductance <sup>a</sup>	9 <sub>fs</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 15 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A		65		S	
Dynamic <sup>b</sup>				ı		<u> </u>	
Input Capacitance	C <sub>iss</sub>			6000		pF	
Output Capacitance	C <sub>oss</sub>	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		406			
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C <sub>rss</sub>			360			
Total Gate Charge	Q <sub>g</sub> —	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 10 \text{ A}$		68	102	nC	
				33.5	51		
Gate-Source Charge	Q <sub>gs</sub>	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_D = 10 \text{ A}$		7.7			
Gate-Drain Charge	$Q_{gd}$			13.8			
Gate Resistance	$R_{g}$	f = 1 MHz	0.3	0.7	1.4	Ω	
Turn-On Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>			24	45		
Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>	$V_{DD}$ = 15 V, $R_L$ = 1.5 $\Omega$		24	45		
Turn-Off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	$I_D\cong$ 10 A, $V_{GEN}$ = 4.5 V, $R_g$ = 1 $\Omega$		32	60		
Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>			12	24	1	
Turn-On Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>			14	28	ns	
Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>	$V_{DD}$ = 15 V, $R_L$ = 1.5 $\Omega$		13	26		
Turn-Off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	$I_D\cong 10$ A, $V_{GEN}$ = 10 V, $R_g$ = 1 $\Omega$		33	60		
Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>			8	16		
<b>Drain-Source Body Diode Characteristi</b>	cs						
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	I <sub>S</sub>	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C		35			
Pulse Diode Forward Current	I <sub>SM</sub>			70		A	
Body Diode Voltage	V <sub>SD</sub>	I <sub>S</sub> = 3 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V		0.7	1.1	٧	
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	t <sub>rr</sub>			21	40	ns	
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	Q <sub>rr</sub>	1 10 A dl/dt 100 A/v- T 05 00		10	20	nC	
Reverse Recovery Fall Time	ta	$I_F = 10 \text{ A}, \text{ dI/dt} = 100 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s}, T_J = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$		9			
Reverse Recovery Rise Time	t <sub>b</sub>	_		12		ns	

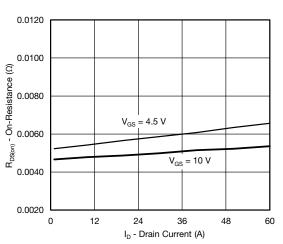
#### Notes:

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

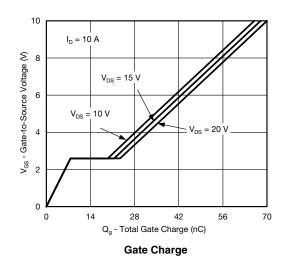
a. Pulse test; pulse width  $\leq$  300  $\mu s,$  duty cycle  $\leq$  2 % b. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.

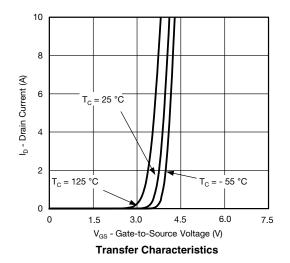


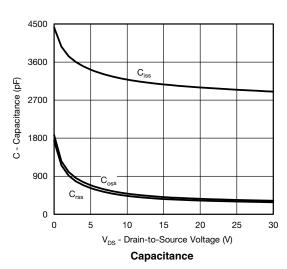


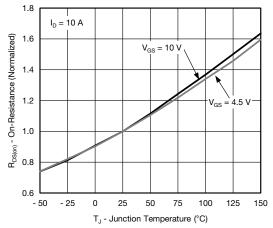


On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage



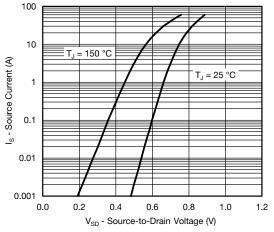




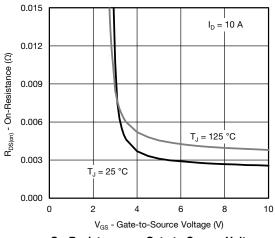


On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature



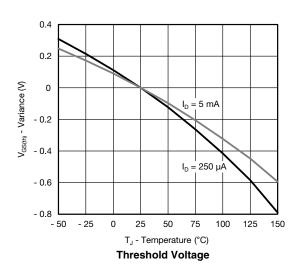


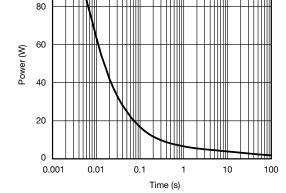
Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



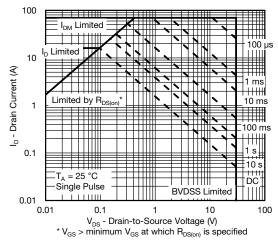
On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

100



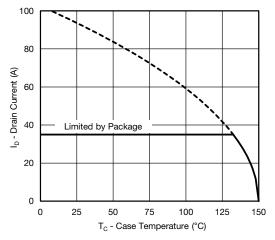


Single Pulse Power, Junction-to-Ambient

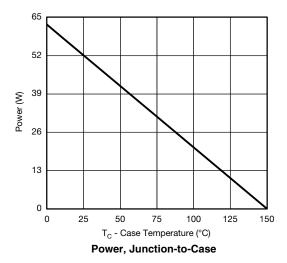


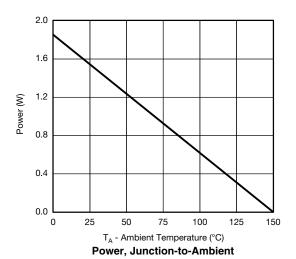
Safe Operating Area, Junction-to-Ambient





#### **Current Derating\***

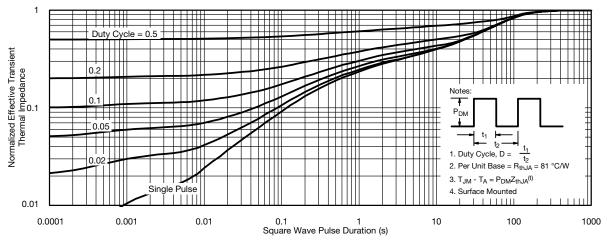




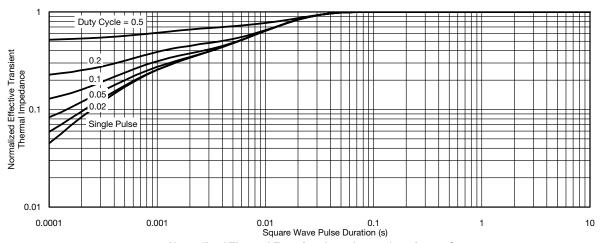
服务热线:400-655-8788 5

<sup>\*</sup> The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(max.)} = 150$  °C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in settling the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used. It is used to determine the current rating, when this rating falls below the package limit.



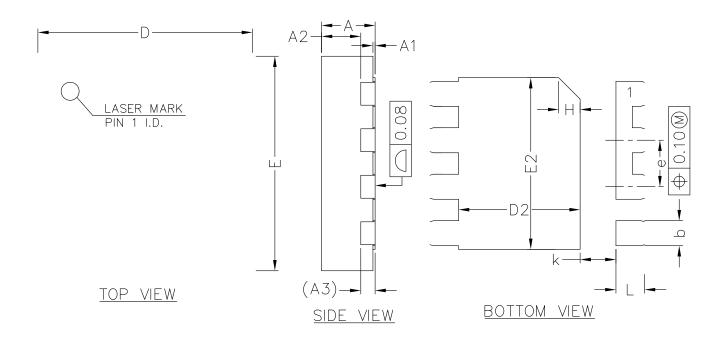


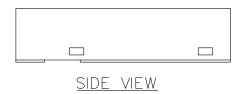
Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Case







COMMON DIMENSIONS (UNITS OF MEASURE=MILLIMETER)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX
Α	0.70	0.75	0.80
A1	0.00	0.02	0.05
A2	0.50	0.55	0.60
А3	0.20REF		
Ь	0.30	0.35	0.40
D	2.90	3.00	3.10
E	2.90	3.00	3.10
D2	1.60	1.70	1.80
E2	2.30	2.40	2.50
е	0.55	0.65	0.75
K	0.40	0.50	0.60
L	0.35	0.40	0.45



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