

ROHS COMPLIANT

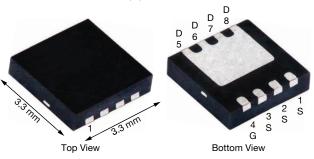
HALOGEN

N7458-VB Datasheet

N-Channel 250 V (D-S) MOSFET

PRODUCT SUMMARY					
V _{DS} (V)	250				
$R_{DS(on)}$ (Ω) at V_{GS} = 10 V	0.				
$R_{DS(on)}$ (Ω) at V_{GS} = 7.5 V	1250.				
Q _g typ. (nC)	135				
I _D (A)	10.3 f				
Configuration	Single				

DFN 3x3 EP

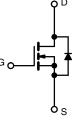


FEATURES

- Trench power MOSFET
- Low thermal resistance package
- 100 % R_g and UIS tested

APPLICATIONS

- Primary side switch
- Synchronous rectification
- DC/DC converter
- Lighting
- Industrial



N-Channel MOSFET

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	LIMIT	UNIT
Drain-source voltage		V _{DS}	250	V
Gate-source voltage		V _{GS}	± 20	v
Continuous drain current (T _J = 150 °C)	T _C = 25 °C		10.3	
	T _C = 70 °C		6.8	
	T _A = 25 °C	I _D	3.7 ^{a, b}	
	T _A = 70 °C	1	3 a, b	
Pulsed drain current (t = 100 µs)		I _{DM}	25	A
Continuous source-drain diode current	T _C = 25 °C		45	
	T _A = 25 °C	I _S	4.2 ^{a, b}	
Single pulse avalanche current	L = 0.1 mH	I _{AS}	12	
Single pulse avalanche energy	L = 0.1 MH	E _{AS}	7.2	mJ
	T _C = 25 °C		24.2	
Maximum power dissipation	T _C = 70 °C		14.8	w
	T _A = 25 °C	P _D	3.5 ^{a, b}	vv
	T _A = 70 °C		2.2 ^{a, b}	
Operating junction and storage temperature range		T _J , T _{stg}	-55 to +150	
Soldering recommendations (peak temperature) a			260	-0

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS								
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TYPICAL	MAXIMUM	UNIT				
Maximum junction-to-ambient ^a	t ≤ 10 s	R _{thJA}	20	25	°C/W			
Maximum junction-to-case (drain)	Steady state	R _{thJC}	1.8	2.3	C/W			

Notes

a. Surface mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 board

- c. The DFN3x3 package is a leadless package. The end of the lead terminal is exposed copper (not plated) as a result of the singulation process in manufacturing. A solder fillet at the exposed copper tip cannot be guaranteed and is not required to ensure adequate bottom side solder interconnection
- d. Rework conditions: manual soldering with a soldering iron is not recommended for leadless components
- e. Maximum under steady state conditions is 65 °C/W

f. $T_C = 25 \ ^{\circ}C$

b. t = 10 s

N7458-VB

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unless otherv	vise noted)				
SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
V _{DS}	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{D} = 250 \mu\text{A}$	250	-	-	V
$\Delta V_{DS}/T_{J}$	I= = 250 µA	-	254	-	mV/°C
$\Delta V_{GS(th)}/T_J$	$I_D = 250 \ \mu A$	-	-6.9	-	
V _{GS(th)}	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250 \ \mu A$	2	-	4	V
I _{GSS}	$V_{DS} = 0 V, V_{GS} = \pm 20 V$	-	-	100	nA
I _{DSS} -	$V_{DS} = 250 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	1	1 10 μΑ
	V_{DS} = 250 V, V_{GS} = 0 V, T_{J} = 70 $^{\circ}C$	-	-	10	
I _{D(on)}	$V_{DS} \geq 5 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$	10	-	-	А
R _{DS(on)} -	$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{D} = 3.7 \text{ A}$	-	0.125	-	0
	$V_{GS} = 7.5 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{D} = 3.5 \text{ A}$	-	0.135	-	Ω
9 _{fs}	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{D} = 3.7 \text{ A}$	-	10	-	S
C _{iss}		-	600	-	
C _{oss}	V _{DS} = 125 V, V _{GS} = 0 V, f = 1 MHz	-	65	-	pF
	SYMBOL VDS ΔVDS/TJ ΔVGS(th)/TJ VGS(th) IGSS IDSS ID(on) RDS(on) Gfs	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c } \hline V_{DS} & V_{GS} = 0 \ V, \ I_D = 250 \ \mu A \\ \hline \Delta V_{DS}/T_J & I_D = 250 \ \mu A \\ \hline \Delta V_{GS(th)}/T_J & V_{DS} = V_{GS}, \ I_D = 250 \ \mu A \\ \hline V_{GS}(th) & V_{DS} = V_{GS}, \ I_D = 250 \ \mu A \\ \hline I_{GSS} & V_{DS} = 0 \ V, \ V_{GS} = \pm 20 \ V \\ \hline I_{DSS} & V_{DS} = 250 \ V, \ V_{GS} = 0 \ V, \ V_{DS} = 250 \ V, \ V_{GS} = 0 \ V \\ \hline V_{DS} = 250 \ V, \ V_{GS} = 0 \ V, \ T_J = 70 \ ^\circ C \\ \hline I_{D(on)} & V_{DS} \ge 5 \ V, \ V_{GS} = 10 \ V \\ \hline R_{DS(on)} & V_{GS} = 10 \ V, \ I_D = 3.7 \ A \\ \hline C_{iss} & \hline \end{tabular}$	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c } \hline SYMBOL & TEST CONDITIONS & MIN. \\ \hline V_{DS} & $V_{GS} = 0 V, $I_{D} = 250 μA & 250 \\ \hline $\Delta V_{DS}/T_J$ & $I_{D} = 250 μA & 2 \\ \hline $\Delta V_{GS(th)}/T_J$ & $V_{DS} = V_{GS}, $I_{D} = 250 μA & 2 \\ \hline I_{GSS} & $V_{DS} = 0 V, $V_{GS} = $20 V & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 250 V, $V_{GS} = 0 V & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 250 V, $V_{GS} = 0 V & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 250 V, $V_{GS} = 0 V & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 250 V, $V_{GS} = 0 V & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 250 V, $V_{GS} = 0 V & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 250 V, $V_{GS} = 0 V & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 250 V, $V_{GS} = 0 V & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 250 V, $V_{GS} = 0 V & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 250 V, $V_{GS} = 0 V & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 250 V, $V_{GS} = 0 V & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 250 V, $V_{GS} = 0 V & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 250 V, $V_{GS} = 0 V & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 250 V, $V_{GS} = 0 V & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 250 V, $V_{GS} = 10 V & 10 \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 250 V, $V_{GS} = 10 V & 10 \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 10 V, $I_{D} = 3.7 A & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 15 V, $I_{D} = 3.7 A & $-$ \\ \hline $C_{iss} $ & $-$ \\ \hline $C_{iss} $ & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 15 V, $I_{D} = 3.7 A & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 15 V, $I_{D} = 3.7 A & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 15 V, $I_{D} = 3.7 A & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 15 V, $I_{D} = 3.7 A & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 15 V, $I_{D} = 3.7 A & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 15 V, $I_{D} = 3.7 A & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 15 V, $I_{D} = 3.7 A & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 15 V, $I_{D} = 3.7 A & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 15 V, $I_{D} = 3.7 A & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 15 V, $I_{D} = 3.7 A & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 15 V, $I_{D} = 3.7 A & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 15 V, $I_{D} = 3.7 A & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 15 V, $I_{D} = 3.7 A & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 15 V, $I_{D} = 3.7 A & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 15 V, $I_{D} = 3.7 A & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 15 V, $I_{D} = 3.7 A & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 15 V, $I_{D} = 3.7 A & $-$ \\ \hline $V_{DS} = 15 V, $V_{DS} = 15 V, $V_{DS} = 10 V & V_{D	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c } \hline Unless otherwise noted) \\ \hline SYMBOL & TEST CONDITIONS & MIN. & TYP. \\ \hline V_{DS} & V_{GS} = 0 V, I_D = 250 \ \mu A & 250 & - \\ \hline \Delta V_{DS}/T_J & I_D = 250 \ \mu A & - & 254 \\ \hline \Delta V_{GS(th)}/T_J & V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250 \ \mu A & 2 & - \\ \hline I_{GSS} & V_{DS} = 0 V, V_{GS} = \pm 20 \ V & - & - \\ \hline I_{DSS} & V_{DS} = 250 \ V, V_{GS} = 0 V & - & - \\ \hline V_{DS} = 250 \ V, V_{GS} = 0 \ V, T_J = 70 \ ^{\circ}C & - & - \\ \hline I_{D(on)} & V_{DS} \ge 5 \ V, V_{GS} = 10 \ V & 10 & - \\ \hline R_{DS(on)} & V_{GS} = 15 \ V, I_D = 3.7 \ A & - & 0.125 \\ \hline V_{DS} = 15 \ V, I_D = 3.7 \ A & - & 10 \\ \hline \end{tabular}$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c } \hline SYMBOL & TEST CONDITIONS & MIN. & TYP. & MAX. \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ V_{DS} & V_{GS} = 0 \ V, \ I_D = 250 \ \mu A & 250 & - & - \\ \hline \\ \Delta V_{DS}/T_J & I_D = 250 \ \mu A & - & 254 & - \\ \hline \\ \Delta V_{GS(th)}/T_J & V_{DS} = V_{GS}, \ I_D = 250 \ \mu A & 2 & - & 4 \\ \hline \\ I_{GSS} & V_{DS} = 0 \ V, \ V_{GS} = \pm 20 \ V & - & - & 100 \\ \hline \\ I_{DSS} & V_{DS} = 250 \ V, \ V_{GS} = 0 \ V & - & - & 1 \\ \hline \\ V_{DS} = 250 \ V, \ V_{GS} = 0 \ V & - & - & 10 \\ \hline \\ I_{D(on)} & V_{DS} \geq 5 \ V, \ V_{GS} = 10 \ V & 10 & - & - \\ \hline \\ R_{DS(on)} & V_{DS} = 15 \ V, \ I_D = 3.7 \ A & - & 0.125 & - \\ \hline \\ V_{GS} = 15 \ V, \ I_D = 3.7 \ A & - & 10 & - \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ C_{iss} & & - & 600 & - \\ \hline \end{array}$

		GG ; B				
Forward transconductance ^a	9 _{fs}	V _{DS} = 15 V, I _D = 3.7 A	-	10	-	S
Dynamic ^b		·		•	•	•
Input capacitance	C _{iss}	V _{DS} = 125 V, V _{GS} = 0 V, f = 1 MHz	-	600	-	pF
Output capacitance	Coss		-	65	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C _{rss}		-	2	-	
Total gate charge	0	$V_{DS} = 125 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{D} = 2 \text{ A}$	-	10.9	16.5	
Total gate charge	Qg		-	8.6	12.9	nC
Gate-source charge	Q _{gs}	$V_{DS} = 125 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 7.5 \text{ V}, I_D = 2 \text{ A}$	-	2.7	-	
Gate-drain charge	Q _{gd}		-	2.9	-	
Output charge	Q _{oss}	$V_{DS} = 125 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	30	45	
Gate resistance	Rg	f = 1 MHz	0.5	2.3	4.6	Ω
Turn-on delay time	t _{d(on)}		-	8	16	
Rise time	t _r	V_{DD} = 125 V, R _L = 41.7 Ω, I _D \cong 3 A,	-	22	35	
Turn-off delay time	t _{d(off)}	V_{GEN} = 10 V, R_g = 1 Ω	-	18	30	
Fall time	t _f		-	22	35	
Turn-on delay time	t _{d(on)}		-	10	20	ns
Rise time	t _r	V_{DD} = 125 V, R_L = 41.7 Ω , $I_D \cong$ 3 A,	-	22	40	
Turn-off delay time	t _{d(off)}	V_{GEN} = 7.5 V, R_g = 1 Ω	-	18	30	
Fall time	t _f		-	25	50	
Drain-Source Body Diode Characteristic	cs					
Continuous source-drain diode current	I _S	T _C = 25 °C	-	-	45	A
Pulse diode forward current	I _{SM}		-	-	25	A
Body diode voltage	V _{SD}	$I_{S} = 3.4 \text{ A}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	0.8	1.2	V
Body diode reverse recovery time	t _{rr}	I _F = 3.4 A, di/dt = 100 A/μs, T _J = 25 °C	-	100	150	ns
Body diode reverse recovery charge	Q _{rr}		-	356	550	nC
Reverse recovery fall time	ta		-	65	-	200
Reverse recovery rise time	t _b]	-	35	-	ns

Notes

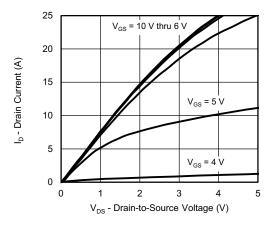
a. Pulse test; pulse width \leq 300 $\mu s,$ duty cycle \leq 2 %

b. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing

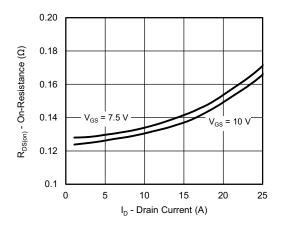
Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Bsemi

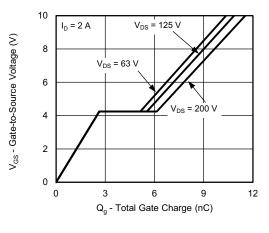




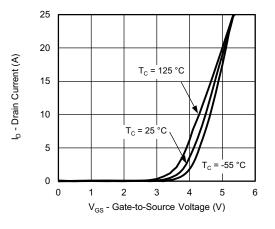
Output Characteristics



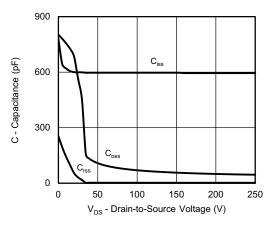
On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage



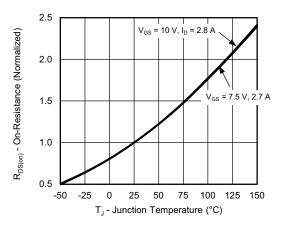
Gate Charge



Transfer Characteristics

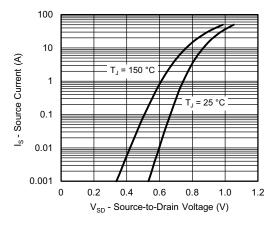


Capacitance

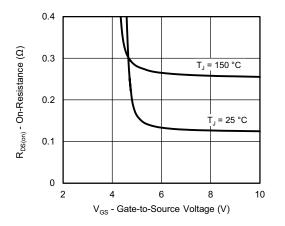


On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

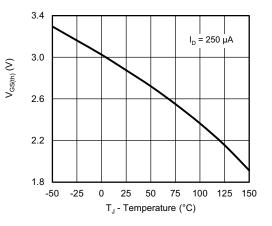




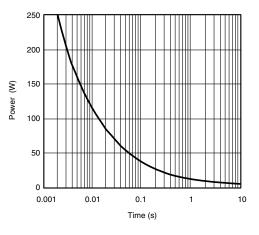
Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



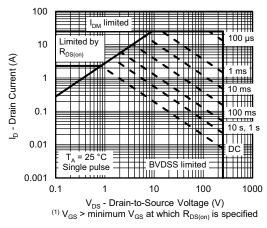
On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



Threshold Voltage

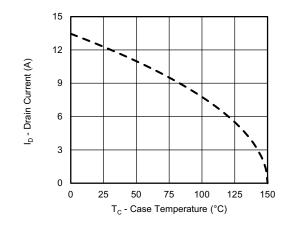


Single Pulse Power, Junction-to-Ambient

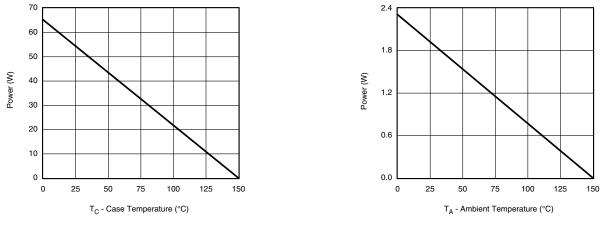


Safe Operating Area, Junction-to-Ambient





Current Derating ^a

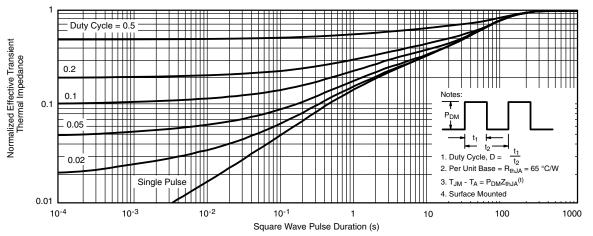


Power, Junction-to-Case

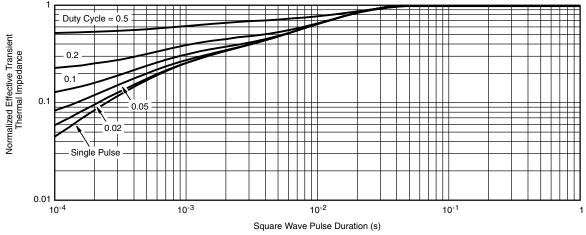
Power, Junction-to-Ambient

Note

a. The power dissipation P_D is based on T_J max. = 150 °C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in settling the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used. It is used to determine the current rating, when this rating falls below the package limit



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Foot



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